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# TABLE OF CONTENTS - SOMMAIRE

## LAW AND PRACTICE REGARDING COIN FINDS

<i>Greece</i> , by Christos GATZOLIS	1
<i>Slovenia</i> , by Leilani STAJER	4
<i>Tunisia</i> , by Abdelhamid FENINA	12

## FAMOUS NUMISMATISTS

<i>Jacopo Strada</i> , by Volker HEENES	17
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## NUMISMATIC COLLECTIONS

<i>75 years to the Numismatic Department of the Pushkin State Museum of Fine Arts, Moscow</i> , by Sergei KOVALENKO	35
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## OBITUARIES

<i>Peter Robert Franke</i> , by Ute WARTENBERG	47
<i>Michael Metcalf</i> , by Julian BAKER	51
<i>Bernd Overbeck</i> , by Kay EHLING, Dietrich KLOSE & Matthias BARTH	57
<i>Ulla Westermark</i> , by Carmen ARNOLD-BIUCCHI	65

## VARIA

<i>Who we are. Looking at representativeness within the International Numismatic Council</i> , by François DE CALLATAÿ	72
<i>Mass (in g) versus weight (in N)</i> , by Jan MOENS	90

## MEETING OF THE INC

<i>Meeting of the Committee (Brussels, May, 2019)</i>	92
---	----

## REPORTS

1. Projects under the patronage of the INC	98
a) <i>Sylloge Nummorum Graecorum</i> , by Andrew MEADOWS	
c) <i>Lexicon Iconographicum Numismaticae (LIN)</i> , by Maria CALTABIANO	
d) <i>Sylloge Nummorum Sasanidarum (SNS)</i> , by Nikolaus SCHINDEL	
e) <i>Sylloge Nummorum Parthicorum (SNP)</i> : Vesta CURTIS & Fabrizio SINISI	
f) <i>NUMID</i> , by Johannes WIENAND	
2. Reports from affiliated bodies	
b) <i>Oriental Numismatic Society (ONS)</i> , by Paramdip KHERA	
c) <i>International Association of Professional Numismatists (IAPN – AINP)</i> , by Jean-Luc VAN DER SCHUEREN	
d) <i>International Committee for Money and Banking Museums (ICOMON)</i> , by Ute WARTENBERG	

## VARIA

François DE CALLATAÏ \*

### WHO WE ARE. LOOKING AT REPRESENTATIVENESS WITHIN THE *INTERNATIONAL NUMISMATIC COUNCIL*

The *International Numismatic Council* (INC) aims to be the global umbrella for scientific numismatic activities. That is an ambitious objective that is being more and more achieved in the course of time, but the results inevitably remain imperfect. This paper ventures into the various levels of representativeness within the INC, looking at what has been realized but also what should still be done. As other papers dealing with numismatic historiography,<sup>[1]</sup> it is deliberately quantitative in the hope of offering a tool for better understanding. It is conceived to promote international collaboration and certainly not to encourage any kind of nationalism.

#### 1. Looking at the composition of the Board or Committee

The INC has a long history whose main features have been twice published in this journal,<sup>[2]</sup> and with roots going back to the 19<sup>th</sup> c.<sup>[3]</sup> But it is only

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[1] For quantifying numismatic literature, see F. de CallataÏ, "L'activité numismatique dans le monde vue à travers les index des 5 derniers *Surveys*", *Annotazioni Numismatiche*, 7, 1992, p. 133-141; id., "Un siècle de *Revue belge de Numismatique*. Evolution des secteurs d'intérêt," *Revue belge de Numismatique*, 147, 2001, p. 179-198; id., "The size of numismatic literature as seen through the last four *Surveys* of Numismatic Research (1990-2013)," *Compte rendu of the International Numismatic Council*, 63, 2016, p. 49-75, and id., "The size of numismatic literature. II. Playing through time (c. 1800-2018) with DONUM (American Numismatic Society)," *Compte Rendu of the International Numismatic Council*, 65, 2018, p. 61-79. For quantifying numismatic societies, see F. de CallataÏ, "L'évolution démographique de quelques grandes sociétés de numismatique," *Revue belge de Numismatique*, 140, 1994, p. 71-87. On quantification of numismatic activities through time, see also F. de CallataÏ, "Glory and misery of Belgian numismatics from the 16<sup>th</sup> to the 18<sup>th</sup> c. as seen through three milestones (Goltz 1563, Serrure 1847 and the Dekesels) and private correspondences," in J. Moens (ed.), *175 years of Royal Numismatic Society of Belgium. Proceedings of the Colloquium 'Belgian numismatics in perspective' (Brussels, 21 May 2016)*, Brussels, 2017, p. 37-129, and id. "L'évolution quantifiée du monde numismatique (1750-2008), en utilisant Google Books Ngram Viewer," *Revue belge de Numismatique*, 164, 2018, p. 511-523.

[2] For the first paper in 1996, see R. Weiller, "Histoire de la Commission Internationale de Numismatique (CIN)," *International Numismatic Council. Compte Rendu*, 43, 1996, p. 102-151. It includes the detailed list of boards (p. 114-116), the number of members (p. 116-117), the list of board's meetings (p. 123-125), the list of organized international numismatic congresses (p. 125), the list of honorary members (p. 126-128), as well as the list of published papers in the *Compte Rendu* for coin cabinets (p. 129-132) and numismatists 'in the news' as evoked by the *CIN Newsletter* and the *International Numismatic Newsletter* (p. 132-151). For the second in 2008, see R. Weiller and M. Amandry, "Histoire de la Commission Internationale de Numismatique (CIN)," *International Numismatic Council. Compte Rendu*, 55, 2008, p. 86-120 (completing the information for the years 1996-2008).

[3] The first INC Congress happened in July 1891 in Brussels.

after the Second World War that the INC emerged as a stable organization largely prepared before the war by the leading figures of the Austrian August von Loehr and the Belgian Victor Tourneur, both of whom were co-presidents of the first board created in 1934.<sup>[4]</sup>

Since 1950, boards have been elected on a regular basis. There was at the beginning no treasurer but an adjunct-secretary. It is only in 1955 that the number of members was fixed to nine, and only in 1973 that a periodicity of six years was introduced between two INC congresses and consequently between two board elections (see Table 1).

1950 Paris		
President	August von Loehr	AT
Vice-president	Jean Babelon	FR
Secretary	Jean Lafaurie	FR
Adj.-secretary	Henk Enno van Gelder	NL
Counsellor	Philip Grierson	GB
	Nils L. Rasmusson	SE
	Dietrich Schwartz	CH
1953 Paris		
President	Jean Babelon	FR
Vice-president	Humphrey Sutherland	GB
Secretary	Henk Enno van Gelder	NL
Adj.-secretary	Octavio Gil y Farrès	ES
Treasurer	Colin Martin	CH
Counsellor	Walter Hävernick	DE
	George C. Miles	US
	Dietrich Schwartz	CH
1955 Oxford		
President	Jean Babelon	FR
Vice-president	Humphrey Sutherland	GB
Secretary	Henk Enno van Gelder	NL
Adj.-secretary	Octavio Gil y Farrès	ES
Treasurer	Colin Martin	CH
Counsellor	Laura Breglia	IT
	Walter Hävernick	DE
	George C. Miles	US
	Dietrich Schwartz	CH
1960 Stockholm		
President	Humphrey Sutherland	GB
Vice-President	Laura Breglia	IT
Secretary	Henk Enno van Gelder	NL
Adj.-secretary	Dietrich Schwartz	CH
Treasurer	Colin Martin	CH
Counsellor	Jean Babelon	FR
	Octavio Gil Farrès	ES
	Walter Hävernick	DE
	Sawyer McA. Mosser	US
1965 Vienna		
President	Humphrey Sutherland	GB
Vice-President	Laura Breglia	IT
Secretary	Otto Mørkholm	DK
Adj.-secretary	Walter Hävernick	DE
Treasurer	Colin Martin	CH
Counsellor	Henk Enno van Gelder	NL
	Georges Le Rider	FR
	Sawyer McA. Mosser	US
	Nils L. Rasmusson	SE
1967 Copenhagen		
President	Humphrey Sutherland	GB
Vice-President	Laura Breglia	IT
Secretary	Otto Mørkholm	DK
Adj.-secretary	Walter Hävernick	DE
Treasurer	Colin Martin	CH

<sup>[4]</sup> Elected in Paris, the first board was composed of Victor Tourneur, co-president (Belgium); August von Loehr, co-president (Austria); Adrien Blanchet, secretary (France); George C. Brooke (England); Lorenzina Cesano (Italy); Adolphe Dieudonné (France); Giuseppe Gerola (Italy); Gustav Skalskia (Czechoslovakia); Arthur Suhle (Germany) and Bengt Thordeman (Sweden).

Counsellor	Henk Enno van Gelder Richard Kiersnowski Georges Le Rider George C. Miles	NL PL FR US
<b>1970 Moscow</b>		
President	Humphrey Sutherland	GB
Vice-President	Georges Le Rider	FR
Secretary	Otto Mørkholm	DK
Adj.-secretary	Walter Hävernick	DE
Treasurer	Colin Martin	CH
Counsellor	Laura Breglia Henk Enno van Gelder Richard Kiersnowski Margaret Thompson	IT NL PL US
<b>1973 Washington</b>		
President	Georges Le Rider	FR
Vice-President	Margaret Thompson Ryszard Kiersnowski	US PL
Secretary	Otto Mørkholm	DK
Treasurer	Herbert Cahn	CH
Counsellor	Peter Berghaus Ernesto Bernareggi Robert Carson Octavian Iliescu	DE IT GB RO
<b>1979 Bern</b>		
President	Robert Carson	GB
Vice-President	Peter Berghaus István Gedai	DE HU
Secretary	Kolbjørn Skaare	NO
Treasurer	Herbert Cahn	CH
Counsellor	Michael Bates Ernesto Bernareggi Jean-Baptiste Giard Octavian Iliescu	US IT FR RO
<b>1986 London</b>		
President	Kolbjørn Skaare	NO
Vice-President	Michael Bates István Gedai	US HU
Secretary	Raymond Weiller	LU
Treasurer	Leandre Villaronga	ES
Counsellor	Ermanno Arslan Peter Robert Franke John Kent Cécile Morrisson	IT DE GB FR
<b>1991 Brussels</b>		
President	Cécile Morrisson	FR
Vice-President	Ermanno Arslan Raymond Weiller	IT LU
Secretary	Andrew Burnett	GB
Treasurer	Leandre Villaronga	ES
Counsellor	Peter Robert Franke Kenneth Jonsson William Metcalf Stanislaw Suchodolski	DE SE US PL
<b>1997 Berlin</b>		
President	Andrew Burnett	GB
Vice-President	William Metcalf Stanislaw Suchodolski	US PL
Secretary	Michel Amandry	FR
Treasurer	Marjan Scharloo	NL
Counsellor	Carmen Alfaro (*) Günther Dembski Giovanni Gorini Kenneth Jonsson	ES AT IT SE
<b>2003 Madrid</b>		
President	Michel Amandry	FR
Vice-President	Carmen Alfaro Giovanni Gorini	ES IT
Secretary	Carmen Arnold-Biucchi	US
Treasurer	Tuukka Talvio	FI
Counsellor	Donal Bateson (*) Günther Dembski Natalia Smirnova Benedikt Zäch	GB AT RU CH
<b>2009 Glasgow</b>		
President	Carmen Arnold-Biucchi	US
Vice-President	Donal Bateson Benedikt Zäch	GB CH
Secretary	Michael Alram	AT
Treasurer	Tuukka Talvio	FI
Counsellor	Maria Caccamo Caltabiano (*) Sylviane Estiot Pere Pau Ripollès Bernward Ziegau	IT FR ES DE
<b>2015 Taormina</b>		
President	Michael Alram	AT
Vice-President	Maria Caccamo Caltabiano Pere Pau Ripollès	IT ES
Secretary	François de Callataÿ	BE
Treasurer	Bernhard Weisser	DE
Counsellor	Aleksander Bursche (*) Andrew Meadows Cecilia von Heijne Ute Wartenberg	PL GB SE US

Table 1 – INC boards. Details of the members in chronological order (1950–2015)

For a long time, the duration of the mandates was not strictly limited (Table 2). The longest permanent presence as a member of the board is jointly detained by Henk Enno van Gelder and Colin Martin, who both served 20 years without interruption from 1953 to 1973. One also observes that Jean Babelon, after two terms as president (1953-1960), served another two terms as counsellor (1960-1965).

The INC has now its permanent seat in Winterthur (Switzerland), but well before that recent favourable development, the seat of treasurer was long occupied (a third of century) by two Swiss: Colin Martin (1953-1973) and Herbert Cahn (1973-1986). Secretaries were also held long by the same person with four consecutive terms for Otto Mørkholm (1965-1979) and three for Henk Enno van Gelder (1953-1961). As president, Humphrey Sutherland remained in charge no less than five (admittedly short) terms (1960-1973). He was finally replaced in 1973 by Georges Le Rider and from that time onwards, elections coincided with INC Congresses and were thus separated each time by six years. Since then, no president has been re-elected after his/her term. No member of the board was allowed to serve more than two terms, and a single six-year term became the rule for secretaries at the next INC Congress in 1979. From that time on also, with one exception, secretaries chosen among the new members of the board used to become president at the next election. As in many societies or circles, the position of treasurer proved to be a bit more stable, and recently two of them remained in office for two terms: Leandre Villaronga (1986-1997) and Tuukka Talvio (2003-2015). Another distinctive feature of the board's composition is the inclusion, since 1997, of the organizer of the next INC congress (names marked by an asterisk in Table 1) to serve as counsellor before the congress and as vice-president thereafter.

Elections	President	Secretary	Treasurer
1950 Paris	August von Loehr	Jean Lafaurie	-
1953 Paris	Jean Babelon	Henk Enno van Gelder	Colin Martin
1955 Rome	Jean Babelon	Henk Enno van Gelder	Colin Martin
1960 Stockholm	Humphrey Sutherland	Henk Enno van Gelder	Colin Martin
1961 Rome	Humphrey Sutherland	Dietrich Schwarz	Colin Martin
1965 Vienna	Humphrey Sutherland	Otto Mørkholm	Colin Martin
1967 Copenhagen	Humphrey Sutherland	Otto Mørkholm	Colin Martin
1970 Moscow	Humphrey Sutherland	Otto Mørkholm	Colin Martin
1973 Washington	Georges Le Rider	Otto Mørkholm	Herbert Cahn
1979 Bern	Robert Carson	Kolbjørn Skaare	Herbert Cahn
1986 London	Kolbjørn Skaare	Raymond Weiller	Leandre Villaronga
1991 Brussels	Cécile Morrison	Mark Jones replaced by Andrew Burnett	Leandre Villaronga
1997 Berlin	Andrew Burnett	Michel Amandry	Marjan Schaarlo
2003 Madrid	Michel Amandry	Carmen Arnold-Biucchi	Tuukka Talvio
2009 Glasgow	Carmen Arnold-Biucchi	Michael Alram	Tuukka Talvio
2015 Taormina	Michael Alram	François de Callataj	Bernhard Weisser

Table 2 – INC boards. Details by function in chronological order (1950-2015)

Table 3 provides the details of the INC boards by countries and functions, where each name appears in her/his highest function. Countries are listed in decreasing order of frequency, all functions combined; names of female members are in italic.

	President	Vice-president	Secretary	Adjunct-secretary	Treasurer	Counsellor	Tot.
FR	Babelon Le Rider <i>Morrisson</i> <i>Amandry</i>		Lafaurie			<i>Giard</i> <i>Estiot</i>	7
GB	Sutherland Carson Burnett	Bateson				Grierson Kent Meadows	7
US	<i>Arnold-Biucchi</i>	<i>Thompson</i> Bates Metcalf				Miles Mc Mosser <i>Wartenberg</i>	7
DE		Berghaus		Hävernick	Weisser	Franke Ziegeus	5
IT		<i>Breglia</i> Arslan Gorini <i>Caccamo</i>				Bernareggi	5
ES		<i>Alfaro</i> Ripollès		Gil y Farrès	Villaronga		4
CH		Zäch		Schwartz	Martin Cahn		4
AT	Loehr Alram	-				Dembski	3
PL		Kiersnowski Suchodolski				Bursche	3
SE						Rasmusson Jonsson <i>von Heijne</i>	3
NL			Van Gelder		<i>Scharloo</i>		2
BE			Callataj				1
NO	Skaare						1
HU		Gedai					1
LU		Weiller					1
DK			Mørkhoklm				1
FI					Talvio		1
RO					-	Iliescu	1
RU					-	<i>Smirnova</i>	1
	11	16	4	3	6	18	58

Table 3 – INC boards. Summary by countries in decreasing order of frequency (1950–2015)

Created in Europe, the INC remains very European. With the exception of the United States, all the other represented countries are European. Major European countries have disposed so far of a quasi-permanent seat as it is the case for the United Kingdom (all 16 boards), France (all but one), Germany and Italy (all but three), Switzerland (all but five) and Spain (all but

six). All other countries come much more behind. Such an unbalanced situation certainly reflects strong traditions in numismatic research but is not proportionate with the global role other countries are playing. When adding the United States that has been permanently represented since 1953 (all but one), it can be observed that, on average, six seats out of nine are detained by these leading countries. Considering in addition that, under current practice, one seat is reserved for the organizer of the next INC congress, it leaves only two seats to distribute among the ca. 35 other represented countries. And the situation is even less balanced for the presidency, with English and French numismatists being in charge from 1953 to 1986 and from 1991 to 2009 (*i.e.* 51 years out of 72). This over-representation is likely to be partly connected with the linguistic issue, as French and English were originally declared the only two official languages of the INC.

## 2. Looking at members

The main legitimacy for the historical prominence of certain countries in the INC board comes, as might be expected, from the members themselves.

	1965	1970	1975	1980	1985	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015
<i>Argentina</i>	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Armenia</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
<i>Australia</i>	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	2	2
<i>Austria</i>	3	3	5	3	5	5	5	5	4	4	5
<i>Belgium</i>	2	2	2	4	6	7	7	7	8	8	8
<i>Brazil</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
<i>Bulgaria</i>	-	-	-	1	2	1	2	-	-	-	-
<i>Canada</i>	-	-	-	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	2
<i>China</i>	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	-	-
<i>Croatia</i>	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	1	1
<i>Cyprus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1
<i>Czech Republic</i>	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	2
<i>Denmark</i>	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
<i>Finland</i>	1	1	2	2	2	2	5	3	3	3	3
<b>France</b>	7	4	4	4	4	8	9	12	13	16	16
<b>Germany</b>	7	8	10	12	18	21	20	20	20	17	17
<i>Greece</i>	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	4	5
<i>Hungary</i>	-	-	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
<i>India</i>	-	-	-	-	2	2	5	2	1	-	-
<i>Ireland</i>	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Israel</i>	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	1
<b>Italy</b>	4	3	5	5	5	8	9	14	16	17	19
<i>Japan</i>	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Jordan</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
<i>Lithuania</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
<i>Luxembourg</i>	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	1	1
<i>Morocco</i>	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
<i>Mozambique</i>	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
<i>Netherlands</i>	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	2	3
<i>Norway</i>	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	3
<i>Philippines</i>	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



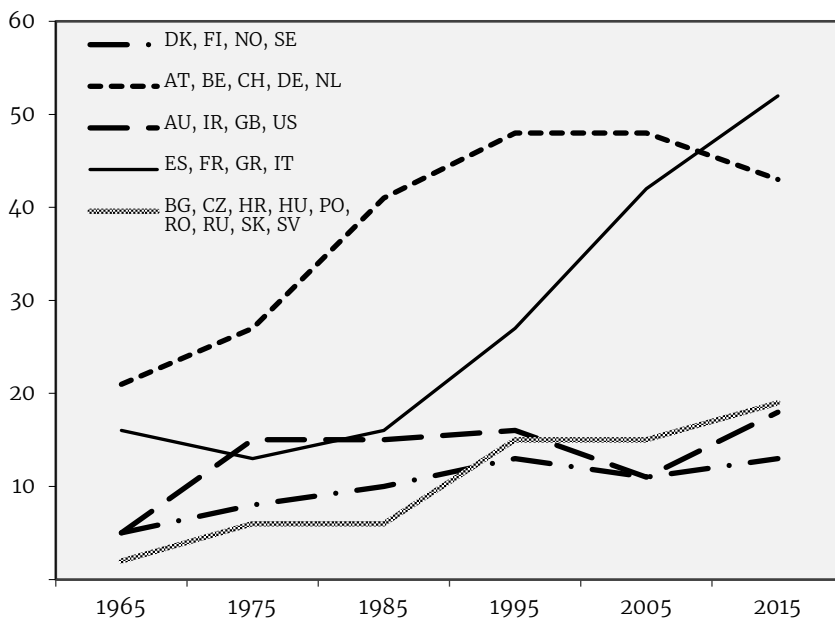
Poland	1	2	2	2	1	1	3	3	3	4	5
<i>Portugal</i>	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	-	-
Romania	-	1	2	2	1	-	2	2	2	1	3
Russia	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	4	5
<i>Slovakia</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-
<i>Slovenia</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	1
<i>South Africa</i>	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Spain</b>	4	3	3	6	6	6	8	11	11	10	12
Sri Lanka	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Sweden	2	4	3	4	3	4	3	4	4	4	5
<b>Switzerland</b>	6	6	7	7	8	8	12	11	12	11	11
<i>Taiwan</i>	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<i>Turkey</i>	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	1
<b>United Kingdom</b>	5	4	7	8	10	9	10	12	14	14	12
United States	2	4	6	5	7	7	8	7	5	7	8
<i>Vatican City</i>	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total	55	58	73	88	108	129	143	145	151	149	160

Table 4 – Number of members of the INC by country (INC Compte rendu 1975–2015)

As illustrated by Table 4, 28 countries (noted in italics) out of 47 have never been represented in an INC board. Most of them have been represented by just one member (and generally for a short period of time), but some have many more and had to wait a long time or are still waiting to enjoy that privilege.

Conversely, countries with nowadays more than 10 members (noted in bold) are France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom, exactly those – at the sole exception of the United States – that have been massively represented in the successive boards of the INC. Although not by a considerable margin ahead of France and the United Kingdom, Italy and Germany now come first in absolute terms of members, while Switzerland (leaving the too small Luxembourg aside) remains largely ahead (before Belgium) in relative terms compared to the size of its population.

The most spectacular trend is the fact that Italy (19) had more members in 2015 than Germany (17), that lost for the first time that kind of prominence. Due to their historical decentralization, Germany and Switzerland have always had a great number of members. But that number did not increase too much through time and even recently somehow declined while Italy more than tripled its 1975 number. Looking at broader areas, this seems characteristic of a more general trend, with northern European countries experiencing a more moderate development than southern European countries.



Graph 1 – Number of INC members for 5 groups of countries (1965-2015)

As made clear in Graph 1, the number of members for European Mediterranean countries (Spain, France, Italy and Greece) has considerably increased during the last decades and is now superior to the ‘Germanic’ countries (Austria, Belgium, Germany, the Netherlands, and Switzerland). Much behind these two groups, Scandinavian countries (Denmark, Finland, Norway, and Sweden), Anglo-Saxon countries (Australia, Ireland, the United Kingdom and the United States of America), and East-European countries (Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Russia, Slovakia, and Slovenia) are characterized by a rather similar trend of slow growth. The most stable are the Scandinavian countries while East-European countries are growing faster (especially Poland and Russia).

### 3. Looking at the *Compte Rendu*

Beyond members (Table 5, column 2) and INC boards (column 3), a couple of other indicators may be useful to evaluate what could be tentatively qualified as a ‘global level of numismatic activity’ deployed at the INC.<sup>[1]</sup> These additional indicators are all taken from the *Compte Rendu*. These are the number of notices devoted to 1) numismatists (obituaries, famous numismatists, and collectors) (column 4);<sup>[2]</sup> 2) coin collections (column

<sup>[1]</sup> Not to be confused with the level of numismatic research *tout court* which is best indicated by the size of literature.

<sup>[2]</sup> For the last years, see : <https://www.inc-cin.org/obituaries.html>; <https://www.inc-cin.org/famous-numismatics.html>; <https://www.inc-cin.org/collectors.html>.

5),<sup>[3]</sup> as well as 3) the existence of an article about “coin finds laws” (column 6).<sup>[4]</sup> The reader will find below the full details for these three categories organized here by countries (Annex 1-2) or by geographical areas (Annex 3) in order to give a clear vision of what has already been done, and consequently what could still be done.

Countries	Members 2019	CIN boards	CIN CR personalia	CIN CR collections	CIN CR Law	Total
Italy	20	5	14	13	1	53
Germany	17	5	9	18	1	50
United Kingdom	12	7	16	11	1	47
France	12	7	12	7	1	39
United States	8	7	12	7	1	35
Spain	11	4	5	4	1	25
Switzerland	11	4	3	5	1	24
Sweden	5	3	5	3	1	17
Austria	5	3	6	2	1	17
Belgium	7	1	5	3	1	17
Poland	5	3	2	3		13
Russia	4	1	5	2	1	13
Greece	5		3	2	1	11
Denmark	2	1	4	1	1	9
Finland	3	1	2	1	1	8
Netherlands	3	2	1	2		8
Romania	3	1	3		1	8
Norway	3	1	1		1	6
Hungary	2	1	1	1		5
Israel	1		1	2	1	5
China	2			1	1	4
Australia	2			1		3
Czech Republic	2		1			3
Luxemburg	1	1		1		3
Croatia	1			1		2
Cyprus	1		1			2
Slovenia	1				1	2
Turkey	1				1	2
Bulgaria					1	1
Brazil				1		1
Canada	1					1
India			1			1
Lebanon				1		1
Peru	1					1
Taiwan	1					1
Tunisia					1	1
Vatican	1					1

*Table 5 – An attempt to evaluate a global level of INC activity by countries classified in a decreasing order*

<sup>[3]</sup> For the last years, see: <https://www.inc-cin.org/collections.html>.

<sup>[4]</sup> For the last years, see: <https://www.inc-cin.org/laws.html>.

With very little discrepancies, there is a satisfying general coherency between these different kinds of data, henceforth confirming the relative weight of various countries to the organization.

#### 4. Looking at gender

A fair distribution per region or country is certainly a legitimate criterion for an ideal board but is far from being the only one. Two other criteria at least should play a role: gender and fields of research. Table 6 sums up the data for these two categories from 1973 onwards.

	1973	1979	1986	1991	1997	2003	2009	2015
Female members	1	-	1	1	2	3	3	3
Members not specializing in ancient Mediterranean coinages	4	6	4	4	3	2	2	2

Table 6 – INC boards. Number of female members and of members not specializing in ancient Mediterranean coinages (1973–2015)

The first female member of the INC board is Laura Breglia who was elected as counsellor in 1955, and became vice-president in 1960.<sup>[5]</sup> She remained at the board in various capacities until 1973. In 1970 she was joined by Margaret Thompson, while Cécile Morrisson became the first INC president in 1991 at the Brussels Congress (before Carmen Arnold-Biucchi in 2009 at Glasgow). Table 6 shows that the female representation at the INC board has slowly but constantly improved through recent times. Compared to similar international bodies, the INC did not too bad in that respect.

#### 5. Looking at thematic fields of research

Much less satisfying is the coverage of the main areas of research. It is undeniable that western numismatics started in Renaissance times with the study of ancient coins, especially Roman, that Greek and Roman coins have long attracted most of the attention, and that they are still doing so. This is reflected among others by the very structure of the *Surveys of Numismatic Research*. But, while this historical prominence has slightly eroded over the last decades, it comes as a surprise to see that the number of members of the INC boards not specializing in ancient Mediterranean coinages has continuously declined, with the low number of 2 (out of 9) for the three last INC boards.

Looking at the numismatic literature as reported by the *Surveys*, more flagrant discrepancies appear. While western medieval and modern numis-

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<sup>[5]</sup> See Table 3 for the names of the 11 (out of 58) female members (names in italics) of the INC boards (3 US, 2 FR and IT, 1 ES, NL, RU and SE).

matics have been represented by a not negligible number of colleagues, this is not the case for Oriental numismatics (only 3 members: Michael Bates, Natalia Smirnova, and Michael Alram) and medals (only 2: Marjan Scharloo, and Tuukka Talvio). An effort should be made especially since the current committee is uniquely unbalanced, with no less than six members mostly specializing in Greek coinages *lato sensu*.

### To conclude

Nine is not a small number looking for maximal efficiency of a board but it cannot cover as such the many expectations one may have in mind regarding the three parameters here discussed (1: relative weight of geographic areas in terms of membership and activity; 2: gender, and 3: relative weight of fields of research). On the one hand, even the best proposal will forcefully create some frustrations while, on the other, our statutes wisely preclude any abrupt move: as every elected member of the board will normally perform two mandates of six years, the number of replacements at each election is limited to 4 or 5 (except if a member decides not to run for a second term). In order to reach a good balance, compromises are necessary, which themselves implicitly require a good level of friendship, an unquantifiable parameter but which often proves to be of decisive importance for the success of the enterprise. With that in mind, I would personally advice to think a bit less in terms of nationality, a bit more in terms of covered fields and to keep up with the good trend in terms of gender.

### Annex 1. Coin collections by countries (*Compte Rendu 1957-2019*)

#### AUSTRALIA

Australia, by K. Sheedy (2015, 41-47)

#### AUSTRIA

Graz, Steiermärkisches Landesmuseum Joanneum, by O. Burböck (1987, 31-40)

Wien, Kunsthistorisches Museum, by H. Jungwirth (1990, 47-54)

#### BELGIUM

Bruxelles, Bibliothèque royale, by J. Lippens (1976, 47-49 and 1990, 39-41)

Ghent, University Library, by H. Taymans (2018, 40-43)

Tongeren, Gallo-Romeins Museum, by I. Van den Vonder & G. Creemers (2011, 25-29)

#### BRAZIL

Sao Paulo, University, by V. Lo Monaco (2018, 44-49)

#### CHINA

Beijing, Museum of Chinese History, by the staff of the museum (1990, 37-38)

#### CROATIA

Zagreb, Archaeological Museum, by I. Mirmik (1989, 40-44)

#### DENMARK

Copenhagen, The Royal Collection, by O. Mørkholm (1980, 31-42)

#### FINLAND

Helsinki, Finnish National Museum, by T. Talvio (1991, 72-74)

## FRANCE

France (1957, 21-25)

Lyon, Collège de la Trinité et médaillier de la ville, by F. Planet (1993, 40-48)

Marseille, by J. Pournot (1996, 71-77)

Nantes, Musée Dobrée, by G. Salaün (2002, 68-80)

Paris, Bibliothèque nationale, by M. Pastoureau (1976, 56-61)

Perpignan, Musée Numismatique Joseph Puig, by J. Joussemet (1990, 42-46 and 1996, 78-81)

Toulouse, Musée Saint-Raymond, by V. Geneviève (2001, 60-65)

## GERMANY

Germany (1957, 13-20)

Berlin, Münzkabinett, by B. Weisser (2018, 17-39)

Bonn, Rheinisches Landesmuseum, by V. Zedelius (1991, 47-49)

Dresden, Münzkabinett, by P. Arnold (1983, 34-39)

Duisburg, Kultur- und stadtgeschichtliches Museum, by C. Garwer-Schier (1992, 48-49)

Erlangen-Nürnberg, Universitätsbibliothek, by K. Wickert (1992, 50-53)

(Frankfurt), Das Geldmuseum der deutschen Bundesbank, by U. Hagen-Jahnke (1988, 29-33)

Frankfurt, Deutsche Bundesbank, by R. Walburg (2013, 65-77)

Frankfurt, Historisches Museum, by F. Berger (2017, 31-38)

Gotha, Schlossmuseum, Museen der Stadt Gotha, by W. Steguweit (1983, 40-46)

Göttingen, Universität, by Ch. Boehringer (1996, 43-49)

Hannover, Kestner Museum, by F. Berger (1986, 40-44)

Jena, Friedrich-Schiller-Universität, by E. Kluwe (1996, 50-58)

Karlsruhe, by P.-H. Martin (1984, 44-47)

München, Die Staatliche Münzsammlung München, by D.O.A. Klose (2012, 64-75)

Stuttgart, Württembergisches Landesmuseum, by U. Klein (1984, 35-43)

Trier, Rheinisches Landesmuseum, by W. Binsfeld (1988, 34-35)

Tübingen, by Stefan Krmnicek (2016, 39-48)

## GREECE

Athens, Numismatic Museum, by M. Oeconomides-Caramessini (1982, 28-30) and by I. Touratsoglou (1999, 69-73)

Athens, Alpha Bank, by D. Tsangari (2003, 18-21)

## HUNGARY

Budapest, The Hungarian National Museum, by I. Gedai (1981, 26-31)

## ISRAEL

Jerusalem, The Israel Museum, by H. Gitler (1997, 75-77)

Tel Aviv, The Kadman Numismatic Museum, by A. Kindler (1995, 46-48)

## ITALY

Italy (1957, 26-32)

Agrigento, Museo Archeologico Nazionale P. Griffo, by G. Salamone (2014, 64-65)

Caltagirone, Musei civici di Caltagirone, by S. Santangelo (2014, 66-67)

Caltanissetta (province of), by L. Sole (2014, 44-48)

Camarina, Museo regionale di Camarina, by M.A. Vicari Sottosanti (2014, 68)

Mantova, Medagliere della città di Mantova, by P. Giovetti (1994, 63-65)

Messina, Museo regionale di Messina, by B. Carroccio (2014, 69-70)

Messina, Università, by B. Carroccio (2014, 71)

Milano, Gabinetto numismatico dei civici Musei di Milano, by E.A. Arslan (1975, 39-47)

Naxos (Sicily), Museo di Naxos, by M. Puglisi (2014, 72-74)

Palermo, Museo Antonino Salinas, by L. Gandolfo (2014, 49-53)

Roma, Museo Nazionale Romano, by F. Panvini Rosati (1977, 25-31) and F. Catalli (2004, 25-29)

Siracusa, Museo Archeologico Regionale Paolo Orsi, by C. Ciurcina, G. Guzzetta & A.M. Manenti (2014, 54-63)

Torino, Medagliere del museo civico, by S. Pennestri (1995, 43-45)

#### LEBANON

Beirut, The American University of Beirut, by J. Nurpetlian (2018, 7-16)

#### LUXEMBOURG

Luxembourg, Musée d'Histoire et d'Art, by R. Weiller (1988, 36-40)

#### NETHERLANDS

Netherlands (1957, 33-35)

Leiden (= Den Haag and Utrecht), Rijksmuseum, by M. Scharloo (1997, 64-74)

"The Netherlands – Vicissitudes of a collection. How the Money Museum became the Dutch 'National Numismatic Collection'", by P. Beliën, (2015, 49-52)

#### POLAND

Krakow, National Museum, by J. Bezwińska (1989, 32-35)

Łódź, Archaeological and ethnographical museum, by A. Mikołajczyk (1989, 36-39)

Warsaw, National Museum, by A. Krzyzanowska & T. Bylicki (1975, 48-56)

#### RUSSIA

Moscow, Pushkin State Museum of Fine Arts, by N. Smirnova (1997, 78-80) and S. Kovalenko, "75 years to the Numismatic Department of the Pushkin State Museum of Fine Arts, Moscow" (2019, XX-XX).

Saint Petersburg, Hermitage, by N. Smirnova (2006, 37-42) and V. V. Guruleva (1991, 50-71 [Byzantine numismatics])

#### SPAIN

Barcelona, Gabinet numismatic de Catalunya, by M. Campo (1994, 45-54)

Madrid, Museo Arqueologico Nacional, by C. Alfaro Asins (1992, 39-47)

Sevilla, various collections, by F. Chaves Tristan (1996, 59-70)

València, Universidad, by P.P. Ripollès (2012, 54-63)

#### SWEDEN

Sweden (1959, 9-19)

Stockholm, Royal Coin Cabinet, by U. Westermark (1976, 50-56)

Uppsala, Uppsala University, by B. Waern (1993, 49-51)

#### SWITZERLAND

Switzerland (1957, 36-39)

Basel, Historisches Museum, by M. Matzke (2013, 50-64)

Bern, Historisches Museum, by D. Schmutz (2010, 45-51)

Lausanne, Cabinet des Médailles, by A. Geiser (1993, 52-54)

Winterthur, Münzkabinett, by B. Zäch (2000, 66-77)

#### UNITED KINGDOM

Great Britain (1960, 14-23)

Scotland (2008, 29-39)

Birmingham, Barber Institute, by N. Hampartumian (1985, 37-40)

Blackburn, by A. Lewis & K. Sugden (1985, 45-46)

Cambridge, Fitzwilliam Museum, by J.G. Pollard (1979, 41-51)

Edinburgh, Royal Scottish Museum, by D.H. Caldwell (1985, 47-50)

Glasgow, The Hunter Coin Cabinet, by J.D. Bateson (1980, 43-48)

London, British Museum, by R.A.G. Carson (1974, 35-45)

Manchester, by K. Sugden (1985, 41-44)

Oxford, The Heberden Coin Room, Ashmolean Museum, by D.M. Metcalf (1978, 40-44)  
 York, Yorkshire Museum, by E.J.A. Pirie (1985, 31-36)

#### UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

United States (1960, 24-32)

Harvard, The Harvard Art Museum – A.M. Sackler Museum, by C. Arnold-Biucchi  
 (2009, 23-27)

New York, The American Numismatic Society, by W.E. Metcalf (1995, 49-55)

Princeton, University, by B.E. Levy & A.M. Stahl (2004, 20-24)

Washington, Dumbarton Oaks, by P. Grierson (1993, 55-60).

Washington, Smithsonian Institution, by E.E. Clain-Stefanelli (1994, 55-62).

Yale (New Haven), Yale University, by W.E. Metcalf (2011, 30-35)

## **Annex 2. Obituaries, great numismatists, and collectors by countries (*Compte Rendu* 1957-2019)**

### AUSTRIA

Eckhel, Joseph Hilarius (1737-1798), by G. Dembski (2001, 55-59)

Göbl, Robert (1919-1997), by G. Dembski (1997, 60-61)

Holzmaier, Eduard (1902-1971), by W. Hävernack (1971, 20)

Loehr, August von (1882-1965), by E. Holzmaier (1964-5, 25)

Pink, Karl (1884-1965), by E. Holzmaier (1964-5, 26)

Pink, Karl (1884-1965), by G. Dembski (2003, 13-14).

Prokesch von Osten, Anton (1795-1876), by K. Peitler (2012, 38-53)

### BELGIUM

Chastel, Albéric du (1842-1919), by F. de Callataÿ (2010, 39-44)

Hackens, Tony (1939-1997), by F. de Callataÿ (1997, 58-60)

Hoc, Marcel (1889-1972), by P. Naster (1973, 37-38)

Naster, Paul (1913-1998), by S. Scheers (1997, 66-67)

Tourneur, Victor (1878-1967), by Ph. Grierson (1967, 27-28)

### CYPRUS

Nicolaou, Ino (1928-2018), by D. Michaelides, E. Markou & M. Amandry (2018, 50-58)

### CZECH REPUBLIC

Sejbal, Jiří (1929-2004), by S. Suchodolski (2004, 32-35)

### DENMARK

Galster, Georg (1889-1983), by J. Steen Jensen (1983, 28-29)

Mørkholm, Otto (1930-1983), by K. Skaare (1983, 23-24)

Thomsen, Christian Jügensen (1788-1865), by J. Steen Jensen (2015, 35-44)

Thomsen, Rudi (1918-2004), by E. Christiansen (2004, 30-31)

### FINLAND

Antell, Herman Frithiof (1847-1893), by T. Talvio (2009, 21-22)

Nordman, Carl Axel (1892-1972), by J. Voionmaa (1972, 19)

### FRANCE

Babelon, Ernest (1854-1924), by F. Bodenstein (2010, 33-38)

Babelon, Jean (1889-1978), by G. Le Rider (1978, 23-25)

Barthélemy, Jean-Jacques (1716-1795), by D. Gerin (1999, 54-63)

Bastien, Pierre (1912-2010), by G. Gautier (2010, 58-60)

Colbert de Beaulieu (1905-1995), by Pierre-Marie Guihard (2016, 24-31)

Cousinéry, Esprit-Marie (1747-1833), by D. Williams (2012, 27-37)

Giard, Jean-Baptiste (14/II/1932-18/V/2018), by H. Rambach (2017, 46-49)



Lafaurie, Jean (1914–2008), by F. Dumas (2008, 41–43)  
 Le Rider, Georges (1928–2014), by M. Amandry (2014, 75–81)  
 Robert, Louis (1904–1985), by G. Le Rider (1985, 22–23)  
 Seyrig, Henri (1895–1973), by G. Le Rider (1974, 28–29)  
 Silvestre, Jules (1841–1918), by F. Joyaux (2011, 15–19)

## GREECE

Caramessini–Oeconomides, Mando (1927–2015), by E. Papaefhtymiou (2015, 62–66)  
 Svoronos, Ioannis (1863–1922), by C. Arnold–Biucchi (2015, 25–30)  
 Varoucha–Christodouloupoulou, Irène, by M. Oeconomides–Caramessini (1980, 22–23)

## GERMANY

Bahrfeldt, Max von (1856–1936), by F. Berger (1998, 70–72)  
 Berghaus, Peter (1919–2012), by H. Mäkeler (2012, 78–82)  
 Dannenberg, Hermann (1824–1905), by B. Kluge (2013, 38–42)  
 Franke, Peter Robert (1926–2018), by U. Wartenberg (2019, 47–50)  
 Hävernicks, Walter (1905–1983), by P. Berghaus (1982, 22–24)  
 Jesse, Wilhelm (1887–1971), by W. Hävernicks (1972, 18)  
 Kellner, Hans–Jörg (1920–2015), by B. Ziegeus (2015, 56–61)  
 Overbeck, Bernd (1942–2018), by K. Ehling, D. Klose & M. Barth (2019, 57–64)  
 Schönert–Geiss, Edith (1933–2012), by U. Peter (2012, 76–77)

## HUNGARY

Huszár, Lajos (1906–1987), by I. Gedai (1987, 29–30)

## INDIA

Gupta, Parmeshwari Lal (1914–2001) [no author] (2001, 51–52)

## ISRAEL

Meshorer, Ya'akov (1935–2004), by H. Gitler (2004, 36–38)

## ITALY

Bernareggi, Ernesto (1917–1984), by H.A. Cahn (1984, 23–24)  
 Breglia, Laura (1912–2003), by A. Stazio (2003, 22–25)  
 Cesano, Secondina Lorenzina (1879–1973), by E. Bernareggi (1975, 29–30) and Nicola Parise (2000, 60–65)  
 Gnecci, Francesco (1847–1910), by G. Gorini (2002, 65–67)  
 Lancillotto Castelli, Gabriele, Prince of Torremuzza (1727–1792), by K. Longo (2014, 32–36)  
 Mirabella, Vincenzo (1570–1624), by G. Guzzetta (2014, 26–31)  
 Paruta, Filippo (1552–1629), by G. Guzzetta (2014, 20–25)  
 Salinas, Antonino (1841–1914), by L. Gandolfo (2014, 37–43)  
 Sestini, Domenico (1750–1832), by G. Gorini (2017, 18–25)  
 Stanzani, Ludovico (1784–1872), by Arianna d'Ottone Rambach (2017, 26–30)  
 Stazio, Attilio (1923–2010), by Ch. Boehringer (2010, 61–68)  
 Strada, Jacopo (1505/1515–1588), by Volker Heenes (2019, XX–XX)  
 Ulrich–Bansa, Oscar (1890–1982), by E. Bernareggi (1983, 30)  
 Vittorio Emanuele III, King of Italy (1869–1947), by L. Travaini & Ph. Grierson (2006, 30–36)

## NETHERLANDS

Van Gelder, Henk Enno (1916–1998), by M. Scharloo (1998, 60–62)

## NORWAY

Skaare, Kolbjørn (1931–2017), by S. H. Gullbekk & H. Roland (2017, 39–41)

## POLAND

Kiersnowski, Ryszard (1925–2006), by S. Suchodolski (2006, 55–58)

Lelewel, Joachim (1786–1861), by J. Kolendo (2009, 17–20)

#### ROMANIA

Iliescu, Octavian (1919–2009), by E. Oberländer-Târnoveanu (2010, 52–57)

Mitreă, Bucur (1909–1995), by O. Iliescu (1996, 39–40)

Preda, Constantin (1925–2008), by E. Nicolae (2008, 40–41)

#### RUSSIA

Frolova, Nina Andreevna (1936–2015), by E. Zakharov (2015, 53–55)

Mikhailovich, Grand Duke Georgii (1863–1919), by N. Smirnova (2011, 20–24)

Potin, Vsevolod M. (1918–2005), by V. Kalinin (2005, 45–49)

Spassky, Ivan G. (1904–1990), by V. Kalinin (2003, 15–17)

Zograf, Alexander Nikolaevich (1889–1942), by V. Kalinin (2005, 20–24)

#### SPAIN

Alfaro Asins, Carmen (1952–2005), by C. Marcos Alonso & P. Otero Morán (2005, 50–52)

Cervera y Royo, Rafael (1828–1903), by G. Mora (2013, 43–49)

Mateu y Llopis, Felipe (1900–1998), by C. Alfaro Asins (1997, 63–65)

Quadras y Ramon, Vidal (1818–1889), by Gloria Mora Rodriguez (2016, 32–38)

Villaronga i Garriga, Leandre (1919–2015), by M. Crusafont (2015, 67–71)

#### SWEDEN

Malmer, Brita (1925–2013), by K. Jonsson (2013, 78–82)

Rasmusson, Nils Ludvig (1904–1973), by B. Malmer (1973, 39)

Schwabacher, Willy (1897–1972), by U. Westermark (1972, 20)

Thordeman, Bengt (1893–1990), by B. Malmer (1990, 34–36)

Westermark, Ulla (1927–2020), by C. Arnold-Biucchi (2019, 65–71).

#### SWITZERLAND

Cahn, Herbert A. (1915–2002), by Ch. Boehringer (2002, 119–126)

Imhoof-Blumer, Friedrich (1838–1920), by B. Zäch (2007, 30–37)

Schwarz, Dietrich W. H. (1913–2000), by H.-U. Geiger (2000, 52–54)

#### UNITED KINGDOM

Blunt, Christopher Evelyn (1904–1987), by J.P.C. Kent (1987, 28)

Carson, Robert A.G. (1918–2006), by A. Burnett (2006, 51–54)

Grant, Michael (1914–2004), by M. Amandry (2004, 13–19)

Grierson, Philip (1910–2006), by C. Morrisson (2006, 43–50)

Head, Barclay Vincent (1844–1914), by N.K. Rutter (2013, 25–37)

Hill, George (1867–1948), by A. Burnett (1999, 64–68)

Hunter, William (1718–1783), by J.D. Bateson (2008, 21–28)

Jenkins, Gilbert Kenneth (1918–2005), by C. Arnold-Biucchi (2005, 41–44)

Kent, John (1928–2000), by A. Burnett (2000, 55–57)

Kraay, Colin M. (1919–1982), by R.A.G. Carson (1981, 21–22)

Macdonald, George (1862–1940), by J. Russell (2006, 27–29)

Metcalf, Michael (1933–2018), by Julian Baker (2019, 51–56)

Robertson, Anne S. (1910–1997), by D. Bateson (1997, 56–58) & J. Russell (2008, 18–20)

Robinson, E.S.G. (1887–1976), by C.M. Kraay (197624–25)

Sutherland, C.H.V. (1908–1986), by R.A.G. Carson (1986, 35–37)

Whitehead, Richard Bertram (1879–1967), by A.H.D. Bivar 1967, 28–29)

#### UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Alföldi, Andreas (1896–1981), by J.-B. Giard (1980, 24–25)

Balog, Paul (1900–1982), by M.L. Bates (1983, 25–27)

Bellinger, Alfred R. (1893–1978), by M. Thompson (1978, 25–26)

- Buttrey, Theodore V. (1929–2018), by W. E. Metcalf (2017, 42–45)  
 Clain-Stefanelli, Elvira Elisa (1914–2001), by D. Mudd (2002, 117–118).  
 Crosby, Sylvester Sage (1831–1914), by J.M. Kleeberg (2005, 15–19)  
 Miles, George Carpenter (1904–1975), by M. Thompson (1975, 31–32)  
 Mosser, Sawyer MacArthur (1905–1975), by M. Thompson (1975, 31–32)  
 Newell, Edward Theodore (1886–1944), by M. Thompson (1986, 38–39)  
 Noe, Sydney P. (1885–1969), by G.C. Miles (1969, 18)  
 Thompson, Margaret (1911–1992), by W.E. Metcalf (1992, 31–32)  
 West, Louis C. (1882–1972), by G.C. Miles (1972, 21)

### Annex 3. Coin Find Laws by geographical areas (*Compte Rendu* 1995–2019)

- RUSSIA: A. Malkov, “The Russian Law on Import and Export of Old Coins by Individuals” (2005, 13–14)  
 S. Kovalenko, “Russian legislation on coin finds” (2016, 21–23)
- FINLAND: T. Talvio, “The heritage conservation act in Finland” (2009, 216)
- SWEDEN: F. Elfver, “The law and practice regarding coin finds” (2009, 13–15)
- NORWAY: S. Gullbekk & H. Roland, “Norway” (2016, 15–20)
- DENMARK: J.C. Moesgaard, “The law practice concerning coin finds in Denmark” (1999, 74–80 and 2002, 27–33)
- GERMANY: R. Fischer zu Cramburg, “Das Eigentum an (Münz-)Schatzfunden in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland” (2015, 15–24)
- SCOTLAND: A. Sheridan, “Treasure trove’ law in Scotland” (1995, 56–61 and 2002, 14–18)  
 A. Saville, “The treasure trove system in Scotland – An update” (2008, 13–17)
- ENGLAND AND WALES: R. Bland, “The law of treasure trove in England and Wales” (1995, 62–74)  
 A. Burnett, “The scheme for recording portable antiquities in Britain: progress report” (2000, 78–85 and 2002, 19–26)
- BELGIUM: J. van Heesch, “Belgian laws regarding coin finds” (1996, 82–86 and 2002, 34–40)
- FRANCE: H. Petit & J. Meissonnier, “L’archéologie dans la législation française” (1996, 87–101 and 2002, 41–48)  
 J. Aubin, “La législation française sur les trouvailles monétaires” (2012, 18–26)
- SPAIN: A. Roma Valdés, “La ley y la realidad en la protección del patrimonio arqueológico español” (2001, 69–79 and 2002, 52–62)
- ITALY: S. Pennestri, “Rinvenimenti di monete antiche in Italia. Normativa, procedimenti, fruizione pubblica” (2014, 11–19)
- SWITZERLAND: K.C. Ackermann & A.-Fr. Auberson, “Les trouvailles monétaires et la loi en Suisse” (2013, 19–24)
- AUSTRIA: G. Dembski, “Münzfunde und Münzsammlungen. Die gesetzlichen Bestimmungen in Österreich” (2001, 66–68 and 2002, 49–51)
- SLOVENIA: A. Miškec, “Slovenian laws regarding coin finds” (2011, 11–14) and L. Štajer, “Slovenian law and practices regarding coin finds” (2019, 4–11)
- BULGARIA: I. Prokopov, “The law and practice regarding coin finds: Bulgaria” (2017, 15–17)
- ROMANIA: Ch. Găzduc, “*Pecunia...olet!* Romanian legislation on ancient coin finds”

(2013, 11-18)

GRECE: Christos Gatzolis, "Greek law and practice regarding coin finds" (2019, 1-3)

TURKEY: S Pfeiffer-Taş, "Protection of cultural heritage in Turkey" (2012, 11-17)

ISRAEL: D. Ariel, "Israel law regarding antiquities" (1998, 76-77 and 2002, 63-64)

TUNISIA: A. Fenina, "La législation tunisienne sur les trouvailles monétaires" (2019, 12-16)

CHINA: S. Günther & Sh. Liu, "Laws and regulations on coins and other relics in China's past and present" (2018, 1-6)

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